

FDP On Essentials of Academic Research – 8th – 12th November 2021



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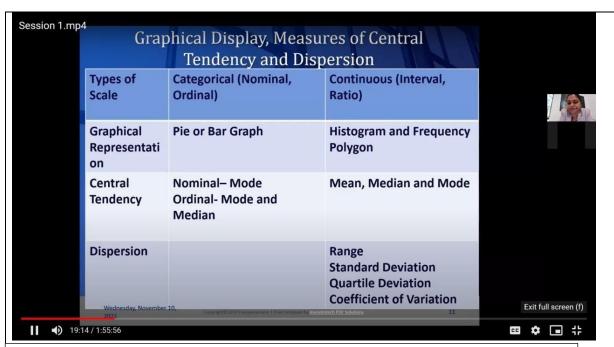
Activity - 1

In the past, much has been discovered in the field of coastal erosion and the beach profiles that result from such erosion. Numerous laboratory experiments and field observations have been conducted to identify the mechanics and impact of coastal erosion. This research is reviewed below.

JACHOWSKI (1964) developed a model investigation conducted on the use of interlocking precast concrete block in seawalls. After a survey of damage caused by severe storms on the coast of the USA, a new and specially shaped concrete block was developed for use in shore protection. This block was designed for use in a revetment type seawall that would reduce wave run-up and overtopping, and scour at the base or toe of the wall and be both durable and economical. It proved that effective shore protection could be achieved utilizing these units.

SELEZOV and ZHELEZNYAK (1965) conducted experiments on the scouring of sea bottom in front of harbor seawalls, via a theoretical investigation of solitary wave interaction with a vertical wall using a Boussinesque type equation. It showed that the numerical results were in reasonable agreement with laboratory experimental data. (adapted from material accessed at http://www.clet.ait.ac.th/EL21LIT.HTM#writing%20your%20own.)

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